HTML (Hypertext Markup Language) is a markup language used to structure content on the web. Here are 50 commonly used HTML tags along with descriptions of their purposes:

**HTML <html> Tag**: HTML Tag is used to define the root of HTML Document.

**HTML <head> Tag**: contains the meta information about the web page, such as the title, character encoding, and linked stylesheets.

**HTML <title> Tag**: is used to define title of webpage, displayed in the browser's title bar or tab.

**HTML <meta> Tag**: Provides metadata about the document, like character set and viewport settings.

**HTML <link> Tag**: Links external resources like stylesheets, favicons, or fonts to the HTML document.

**HTML <style> Tag**: Contains inline CSS for styling the content within the document.

**HTML <script> Tag**: Embeds or links to JavaScript code.

**HTML <body> Tag**: Contains the main content of the web page, including text, images, and other elements.

**HTML <h1>**, **<h2>**, **<h3>**, **<h4>**, **<h5>**, **<h6> Tag**: Headings of decreasing importance, from **<h1>** (most important) to **<h6>** (least important).

**HMTL <p> Tag**: Defines a paragraph of text.

**HTML <a> Tag**: Creates a hyperlink to another webpage or resource.

**HTML <img> Tag**: Embeds an image in the document.

**HTML <ul> Tag**: Defines an unordered (bulleted) list.

**HTML <ol> Tag**: Defines an ordered (numbered) list.

**HTML <li> Tag**: Represents a list item within **<ul>** or **<ol>**.

**HTML <br> Tag**: Inserts a line break within text.

**HTML <hr> Tag**: Creates a horizontal rule (line) to separate content.

**HTML <em> Tag**: Emphasizes text using italics.

**HTML <strong> Tag**: Emphasizes text using bold.

**HTML <span> Tag**: Defines an inline container for styling or scripting.

**HTML <div> Tag**: Defines a block-level container for grouping and styling elements.

**HTML <form> Tag**: Creates a form for user input.

**HTML <input> Tag**: Defines various types of input fields within a form.

**HTML <label> Tag**: Associates a label with a form input element.

**HTML <textarea> Tag**: Creates a multi-line text input field.

**HTML <button> Tag**: Defines a clickable button within a form.

**HTML <select> Tag**: Creates a dropdown list or select box.

**HTML <option> Tag**: Represents an option within a **<select>** element.

**HTML <table> Tag**: Defines a table for organizing tabular data.

**HMTL <thead>**, **<tbody>**, **<tfoot> Tag**: Organizes table content into header, body, and footer sections.

**HTML <tr> Tag**: Represents a table row.

**HTML <th> Tag**: Defines a table header cell.

**HTML <td> Tag**: Represents a table data cell.

**HTML <colgroup> Tag**: Groups columns in a table for styling or other purposes.

**HTML <col> Tag**: Defines properties for a column in a **<colgroup>**.

**HTML <caption> Tag**: Provides a caption or title for a table.

**HTML <iframe> Tag**: Embeds an inline frame for displaying external content.

**HTML <audio> Tag**: Embeds audio content with playback controls.

**HTML <video> Tag**: Embeds video content with playback controls.

**HTML <canvas> Tag**: Creates a drawing area for dynamic graphics.

**HTML <svg> Tag**: Embeds Scalable Vector Graphics for vector images.

**HMTL <nav> Tag**: Defines navigation links within a document.

**HTML <header> Tag**: Represents the top section of a webpage, often containing a logo and site title.

**HTML <footer> Tag**: Represents the bottom section of a webpage, typically containing copyright information.

**HTML <article> Tag**: Marks a self-contained piece of content, such as a news article or blog post.

**HTML <section> Tag**: Defines a thematic section within a document.

**HTML <aside> Tag**: Represents content that is tangentially related to the surrounding content.

**HTML <main> Tag**: Specifies the main content within the **<body>** of a document.

**HTML <figure> Tag**: Groups media content like images or videos with a caption.

**HTML <figcaption> Tag**: Provides a caption for a **<figure>** element.